

**Transmitter Series** 

**EC 28** 

### **Operation Manual**







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### For Your Safety

In accordance with Section 3 of the German Act on Technical Equipment, this Operating Manual draws attention to the intended use of the product and serves for the avoidance of danger. It must be read and observed by all persons who install, use, service, maintain or check this product. This product can only fulfil its tasks, i.e. its intended function, if it is installed, used, serviced, maintained and checked in accordance with the instructions of the manufacturer, i.e. GfG Gesellschaft für Gerätebau.

The warranty given by GfG is void if the product is not installed, used, serviced, maintained and checked in accordance with the instructions of GfG. The above does not affect the warranty and liability provisions in GfG's General Conditions of Sale and Delivery.

### **Operating Information**

Gas detectors must be checked for correct functioning by a qualified person after the installation but before the start of the measuring operation (putting into operation) pursuant to national regulations. The applicable regulation for this in Germany is Section 56(2) of the German Accident Prevention Rules for Gas (UVV Gase [BGV B6 – previously VBG 61]).

The transmitter was checked for correct functioning and indication prior to delivery. The calibration was performed with suitable calibration gases. This does not release the user from the obligation to perform a check with test gas when the transmitter is put into operation after the installation.

The EC28 transmitter (and the derivatives mentioned below) is approved for use in explosion hazard zones and has an EC Type-Examination Certificate from 'EXAM BBG Prüf- und Zertifizier GmbH', in accordance with Directive 94/9/EC (ATEX100a).

Applicable for the EC28, EC28 D, EC28 DA, EC28 DAR, EC28 B, EC28 DB and EC28 DAB is:

Certificate: BVS 04 ATEX E 132 X

Applicable for the EC28 i and EC28 Di is:

Certificate: BVS 04 ATEX E 132 X

Marking: II 1G Ex ia IIC T4 Ga -20°C≤Ta≤+50°C



### **WARNING**

The supply voltage must <u>not</u> exceed 30V DC! This also applies for voltage spikes!

### **General Description**

A stationary gas detection system consists of a transmitter and an evaluation unit, i.e. GMA controller (not included in the scope of supply). The transmitter and the controller are interconnected with a telemetry cable. The transmitter converts the gas concentration into an electric measurement signal and transmits it via the telemetry cable for processing to the controller.

The EC28 D transmitter differs from the EC28 transmitter in that it has an additional display; the EC28 DA transmitter has both a display and a visual and audible alarm output.

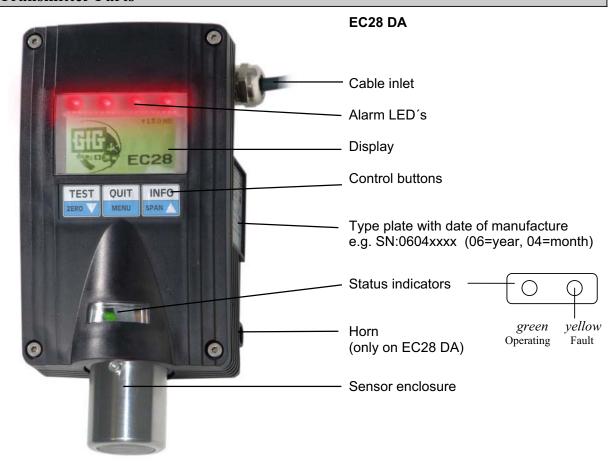
The comprehensive electronics performs many tasks that make the operating and maintenance easier and significantly increase the operational reliability and measuring accuracy. The transmitter has the following features:

- Concentration indication on display or control unit
- Adjustments via push button or control unit without opening the enclosure
- Compensation of temperature influences
- Explosion protection in a temperature range of -20 to +50°C
- Functional check in the temperature range (see sensor specification)
- Smart Sensor System sensor replacement via plug-in, pre-calibrated sensors
- Permanent status display (operating/fault) on transmitter (not EC28 i)

### **Measuring Method**

The sensors integrated in the EC28 transmitter are electrochemical measuring cells. Electrochemical measuring cells contain an electrolyte, a measuring electrode (anode), a counter electrode (cathode) and a reference electrode. The selection of the gas type to be monitored is effected by selecting the specific electrodes in combination with a suitable electrolyte. In this measuring method, an electric signal proportional to the pollutant combination is produced in the measuring cell. This electric signal is amplified in the EC28 and used for the indication or measurement value transmission. The measuring cells use the capillary diffusion barrier technology. The use of this method and an additional temperature compensation avoid a negative effect caused by fluctuating air pressure and temperature.

### **Transmitter Parts**





The transmitter type is shown on the type plate. The sensor enclosure contains the sensor and the sensor printed circuit board. The components for switching the sensor are mounted on the printed circuit board. The integrated display or the RC2 control unit are used for setting the electrical zeropoint and the indication sensitivity (calibration). A protected button for a quick zeropoint calibration is situated on the side of the transmitter. The electronics on the main pcb converts the measurement signal to a linear 4 .. 20 mA measured value output signal.



Only the RC2 Control Unit (BVS 04 ATEX E 212) may be connected to the control unit connector of the transmitter for service work.

The RC2 control unit may be used in explosion hazard zones.

The buttons, functions and indications of the RC2 control unit are identical with those of the transmitter.



### **Place of Transmitter Installation**



The enclosure was tested with an impact energy of 4 joules in accordance with EN 50014 Table 4 for Group II apparatuts (lower level of the mechanical risk). The enclosure of the transmitter types, EC28, EC28 D, EC28 DA, EC28 DAR, EC28 B, EC28 DB and EC28 DAB, must be protected against severe impact.

When selecting the place of installation it is important to exactly know and take into account the environmental conditions. The ventilation conditions must be taken into account in order to achieve representative measurement results.

The transmitter must be installed at a place where the gases can reach the sensor even with unfavourable ventilation. A 'selective' measuring with, for example, smoke pipes, should be done if necessary. An air flow to the transmitter from the bottom (sensor end) should be generally avoided.

The following external influences should also be taken into account

- rainwater, water splashes and drops, condensate
- the dust level in the atmosphere

The transmitter is largely protected against ingress of water and dust (IP 64).

Special accessories can be used to protect the transmitter from damage in the case of very difficult measuring conditions. GfG will be pleased to advise you about suitable measures.



The warranty can be voided if the sensor is exposed to environmental conditions that were unknown to GfG during the planning or supply.

### Installation

When selecting the place of installation, take into account that the transmitter must be accessible for service and calibration work. The transmitter must be installed vertically with the sensor pointing downwards.

The transmitter must be connected to the controller in accordance with the terminal diagram (see *Connectors and Terminal Assignment*). Four special screws must be screwed out and the enclosure lid removed for the mounting. The enclosure is affixed with two screws.

The enclosure contains the printed circuit board encapsulated in potting compound (encapsulation 'm'). The terminal space (inherently safe 'i' for EC28 i and EC28 Di; increased safety 'e' for all other transmitter types) for the connection of the controller is situated in the upper area in front of the pcb.

### **Installing the Electrical Connections**

The cable laying and the connection of the electrical installation may only be performed by qualified persons and in accordance with the applicable regulations. The electrical connection must be made with a screened cable (e.g. LIYCY  $3 \times 0.75 \text{ mm}^2$ ). The core cross-section is dependent on the length of the connecting cable and the transmitter type. Cables with a core cross-section of  $0.75 \text{mm}^2$  may be used for short distances of up to 500 m (200 m for EC28 DA...). The core cross-section must be  $1.5 \text{mm}^2$  for longer distances. The cable length must not exceed 1000 m.

The screen must be connected in the M16x1.5 cable gland. A potential equalisation must be installed if the transmitter is affixed to an electrically conducting mount (e.g. steel beam). Only the transmitter may be installed in an explosion hazard zone – the controller and the power supply must be installed outside such zone.



The electrical installation of the transmitter must be effected so that the connecting wires are directly routed from the cable inlet to the terminals! The connecting cable must not come in contact with other internal electrical circuits.



The installation of the transmitter may only be performed in the absence of gas. The Transmitter may only be opened when the electrical power is switched off.

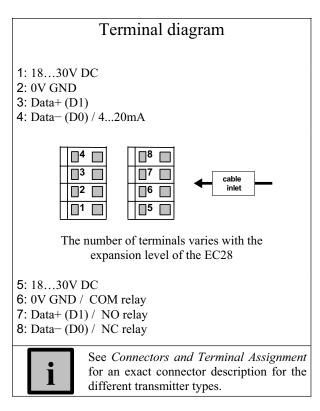
If the transmitter is not operated with the GMA controller, the operating voltage of its power supply must not exceed 30V DC.

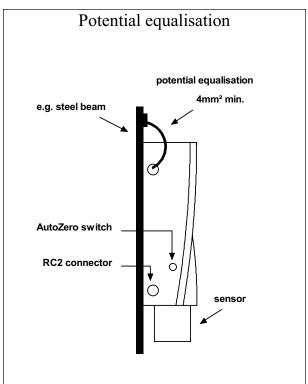
The lid of the enclosure must be sealed and screwed tight again after the electrical installation.



The user must ensure that the voltage at the terminals of the transmitter can never exceed the maximum fault voltage  $V_m$  shown on the  $\underline{type\ plate}$  even in a fault condition.

V<sub>m</sub> is 250V AC or 45V DC depending on the transmitter type.





### **Putting into Operation**

The EC28 transmitter is tested for correct functioning and indication prior to delivery. The calibration is done with suitable test gases. However deviations can arise under certain transport, installation or environmental conditions.

The gas detection system must therefore be put into operation and checked for correct functioning by a person authorised by the manufacturer or a qualified person.

The gas detection system needs a few minutes after the switch-on for:

- the self-test, which consists of a program and working memory test,
- reading and evaluation of the transmitter parameters with concurrent memory test
- reading and evaluation of the sensor parameters with concurrent memory test
- sensor warm-up

The memory tests are performed during the first few seconds of the switch-on phase. The current interface output level is 0mA and the yellow and green LED's are lit during this time. After the memory tests, the current interface output level changes to 1.6mA and the Fault LED is lit and the Operating LED blinks slowly. The *Reading transm. param.* / LoAd. message initially appears in the display. Transmitters with a display (or the RC2 control unit) sequentially display measuring unit, gas type, measuring range, alarm limit values and the calibration gas concentration.

The EC28 switches automatically to the measuring mode after a sensor warm-up phase - a countdown in seconds appears in the display.

The transmitter switches to the fault mode if a transmitter fault/error is detected during the start phase. The current interface outputs 1.2mA and a fault/error message is shown in the display (see *Indications of Special Conditions and Malfunctions*). The Fault LED is permanently lit. The display light blinks in the display variants.

### Notes:

The first putting into operation always requires an adjustment of the zeropoint (*AutoCal ZERO*) after its warm-up time and subsequently a sensitivity check or calibration (*AutoCal SPAN*).

### **Measuring Mode**

In measuring mode, the digital display shows the current gas concentration.

### The display readout of the measurement value is always identical with the readout on the connected RC2 control unit!

The measuring of the gas concentration is performed continuously. Sensor signals that exceed the limit value are immediately detected by the EC28 (with Alarm function) and, if applicable, indicated visually. Functions of the electronics, like parameter memory or the sensor, are continuously monitored. The green Operating LED is lit and the yellow Fault LED is off in the faultless measuring mode.



As a ready signal to show that the EC28 is in the measuring mode, the display indication on the RC2 control unit and on the EC28 Di changes from the gas concentration to the gas unit and gas type for a short period at minute intervals.

On the EC28 with graphic display, a pending measurement value (>0) is displayed as a bar graph which always shows the current measurement value in addition to the numeric value (short display of measured gas and measuring unit every 30 seconds). The measured gas and the measuring unit is always displayed additionally in the absence of a measurement signal.

### Measuring Range Underflow

Measurement values below the zeropoint are displayed as a numerical value with a negative sign. The current interface outputs a signal, corresponding to the measurement value, in the range of 2.8...4.0mA.

If the measurement value is less than -7.5% of the measuring range, the Fault LED will be permanently lit and the display indication will alternate between the negative measurement value and  $\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow$ /\_\_\_\_. The current interface permanently outputs 2.8mA.

If the measurement signal is less than the measuring range of the transmitter electronics, the display permanently shows  $\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow/_{---}$  and the current interface outputs 1.2mA.

### Measuring Range Overflow

A measuring range overflow between 100% and 112.0% of the measuring range is shown in the display by  $\uparrow\uparrow\uparrow\uparrow/^{---}$  alternating with the measurement value. The current interface outputs a signal, corresponding to the measurement value, in the range of 20...22mA.

If the measurement value exceeds 112.0% of the measuring range, the display will show a blinking  $\uparrow\uparrow\uparrow\uparrow$ /
----. The current interface outputs 22mA.

If the measurement signal exceeds the measuring range of the transmitter electronics, the Fault LED will be permanently lit, the display permanently shows  $\uparrow\uparrow\uparrow\uparrow/$  and the current interface outputs 22mA.

### **Control buttons**

The functions of the buttons on the transmitter and on the RC2 control unit are always identical. The display output of the EC28 Di is also identical with that of the RC2 control unit.

### Display, LED and Horn Tests

A display/LED test is started if the  $\frac{TEST}{DEBO T}$  button is briefly pressed in the measuring mode. All LED's and all elements of the display are then lit for two seconds. On the EC28 DA, the Alarm LED's are also briefly lit and the horn is also briefly activated.

### **Display of Operating Parameters**

A brief pressing of the SPANA button during the measuring mode will cause an automatic sequential display of the following main operating parameters.

- Measured gas <sup>1</sup>
- Measuring unit <sup>1</sup>
- Measuring range <sup>1</sup>
- Calibration gas concentration <sup>1</sup>
- Alarm 1 limit value 12
- Alarm 2 limit value 12
- Mean value of the last logged 8 hours
- Mean value of the last logged 15 minutes

Example of a display sequence for the RC2 control unit with 7-segment display on an EC28 DA transmitter: UOL H2 5EAL 4.0 EGAS 1.0 A 1 0.2 A2 0.4 EUA 0.3 SEEL 0.1

### Measurement Value Histogram

An alternative display mode can be selected if a graphic display is used. After the display of the operating parameters was activated with the parameters was activated with the parameters button, a second brief pressing of the parameters button will cause a histogram selection menu to appear.

Data for the last 24 hours, 8 hours and 2 hours can be viewed (selected by pressing the corresponding marked button). Selecting a time period will cause a switch to the histogram display mode. You can then switch between the display of the average values, maximum values or minimum values by briefly pressing the to the light of the last 24 hours, 8 hours and 2 hours can be viewed (selected by pressing the corresponding marked button).

In the display area where the measurement value is normally shown, previous measurement values are now displayed in the form of a histogram. The current pending measurement value is additionally displayed in the upper area together with gas type and gas unit. The histogram is continuously updated and can be used as a permanent display mode.

This display mode is terminated if the button is briefly pressed or if a special message (e.g. alarm activation) appears.

### Limit Value Alarm

The EC28 has two limit value alarms (if supported by transmitter). An alarm is activated as soon as the gas concentration exceeds (or falls below) the respective alarm limit value (setting via the service menu). The EC28 displays the limit value alarms via the LED row above the display, the display backlight and a horn. When the gas concentration exceeds or falls below the first alarm limit value (Alarm 1), the display light and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Also displayed during the switch-on phase

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Only displayed with alarm function

the LED row are continuously activated in <u>slow</u> alternation. The display shows the current measurement value alternating with *Alarm 1/R*!.

When the gas concentration exceeds or falls below the second alarm limit value (Alarm 2), the display light, the LED row and also the horn are activated in <u>quick</u> alternation. The display shows the current measurement value alternating with *Alarm 2/H2*.

The resetting of the limit value alarms can be effected automatically or manually, i.e. with or without self-holding, depending on the function setting in the service menu.

The function of the horn is fixed and not changeable: activation with alarm 2, automatic switch-off when the measurement value exceeds or falls below the second alarm limit value, always resettable with with well alarm 2.

A self-holding alarm cannot be reset by pressing the below the alarm limit value.

Depending on the settings in the service menu (see according chapter) the relay (EC28 DAR only) is activated by alarm release.

### Sensor Life

Electrochemical sensors have a limited life. The anticipated life of the sensors used in the EC28 is 1-3 years depending on the use conditions. The transmitter gives a warning that the sensor must be replaced during the next maintenance some months before the end of the service life of the sensor. The warning is given by a regular brief blinking of the Fault LED and the display of the Sensor replacement/[HnL] 5En5 warning in alternation with the measurement value. If the sensor is not replaced within the next few months, the transmitter will switch off the measuring mode when the sensor life has expired (Sensor life expired / EHnL 5En5). The current interface outputs 1.2mA, the yellow Fault LED goes on and the green Operating LED briefly blinks once at intervals.

### **Transmitter Fault**

If a transmitters fault is detected, the yellow Fault LED goes permanently ON, the current interface outputs 1.2mA and a fault/error message appears in the display (see *Indications of Special Conditions and Malfunctions*).

A fault exists if, for example

- The sensor or the electronics in the transmitter is defective
- Faults are detected during the self-monitoring of the transmitter
- A sensor is not plugged in

See *Indications of Special Conditions and Malfunctions* for further causes.

The yellow Fault LED goes off as soon as the fault is corrected.

### Checking and AutoCal Adjustment of Zeropoint (ZERO)

A precondition for this check in the case of TOX/NOX sensors is atmospheric air without disturbing gas constituents. Synthetic air can be used instead for the adjustment in polluted atmospheres. 100% by vol.  $N_2$  must be used for the check/adjustment in the case of an oxygen sensor.

A calibration adapter can be attached to the sensor enclosure for the checking/adjustment. The sensor can be fed with the synthetic air (or 100 % by vol.  $N_2$ ) pressureless at a flow rate of approx. 0.5 l/min. via this calibration adapter.

A zeropoint calibration is necessary if the indication deviates from zero in measuring mode. A new zeroing is also necessary after a change in the measured gas or sensor replacement.

The adjustment of the zeropoint can be performed with the AutoCal program if the displayed value remains constant. The AutoCal program performs an automatic adjustment of the zero signal.

### Activation

An automatic zeropoint calibration, via the AutoZero button or the normal access code \$\overline{00} \tau \text{!}\_{\text{l}}\$ is only possible when the currently displayed value does not exceed 10% of the maximum measuring range.

On a transmitter without display, the operator cannot ascertain (before the pressing of the AutoZero button) if the measurement value is within the permitted tolerance range for a zero calibration (i.e. < 10% of the maximum measuring range). The transmitter will remain in the measuring mode if the measurement value exceeded 10% of the maximum measuring range when the AutoZero button was pressed. This is noticeable because the Fault LED remains OFF. In this case, the zeropoint adjustment can only be performed with the control unit.

A competent operator can activate, with the access code 0055, the zeropoint calibration if the indication does not exceed 15% of the maximum measuring range. This access code should only be used by trained safety personnel of the user.

If the current zeropoint indication has exceeded a value corresponding to 15% of the maximum measuring range and it has been confirmed that the indication was not caused by the presence of gas, a temporary zero code (valid for a maximum of hour) can be read in the *Info*/ InFo submenu of the service menu (*Zero Code* / LodE), with which the zeropoint adjustment can be activated without restrictions.

### Note:

The necessity for the last action can be an indication that the sensor is defective and therefore needs to be replaced as quickly as possible.

The access code limits (10%/15%) are not applicable for operation with an oxygen sensor.

### **Procedure**

The quick calibration is activated by pressing the protected AutoZero button (on the side of the enclosure) for at least 3 seconds after the screw over the button has been removed. The current interface will then output 2.0mA, the Fault LED will flash slowly and step 3 of the following description will be automatically activated.

The procedure with the keypad on the display or on the RC2 control unit is as follows:

- 1. Activation by a long pressing (at least 3 seconds) of the the activation, the current interface outputs 2.0mA during the entire operation and the Fault LED flashes slowly. Code / □ dE appears in the display.
- 2. The numeric access code, 00 11 or 0055 must now be entered. The digit at the current position can be changed with the rest and span buttons and confirmed with the went button. A long pressing of the menu button deletes the last confirmed digit.
- 3. After correct entry, the display shows the current measurement value in alternation with Zero/ZEra. The new zeropoint is set if the measurement value remains constant for a defined time (for oxygen sensors: after a recognized reduction of concentration and a fixed waiting time of 2 minutes). The AutoCal program is then automatically terminated with the Save/5AUE message and the transmitter switches back to the measuring mode.
  - In the case of oxygen sensors, the *Finished* / End message is also shown to signal that the nitrogen feed should be stopped. The transmitter waits for a measurement value increase before switching back to the measuring mode.

### Note:

If the current measurement value is outside the permitted limit for the respective access code, the *Code invalid* / FR L message will appear briefly during step 3 and the transmitter will switch back to the measuring mode.

The AutoCal program can be shortened to a constant measurement value during the check by a long pressing of the TEST button or the AutoZero button. The hardware then start directly with the zeropoint adjustment.

the TEST button or the AutoZero button. The hardware then start directly with the zeropoint adjustment. The AutoCal program can be terminated without zeropoint adjustment during the waiting time by a short pressing of the TEST button or the AutoZero button. Quit/E5[ appears briefly in the display.



The screw (with the seal) must be screwed in again until the end stop is reached after the quick calibration with the AutoZero button on the side of the enclosure!

The following fault messages can appear during the zeropoint adjustment:

| Display indication         | Comment                                | Fault LED      |
|----------------------------|--|----------------|
| Cal. error no. 2/EAL Err.2 | The gas signal is unstable             | Quick blinking |
| Cal. error no. 3/[AL Err.3 | The zeropoint is outside the permitted |                |
|                            | tolerance range                        |                |

All fault messages must be acknowledged with the detailed button or the AutoZero button on the side of the enclosure. The transmitter switches back to the measuring mode with the unchanged zeropoint setting after the acknowledgement.

### Checking and AutoCal Adjustment of the Sensitivity (SPAN)

The RC2 control unit is required for a calibration in the case of a transmitter without display.

The set calibration gas concentration should be checked first by a short pressing of the span button. The value of the test gas concentration should be at least 20% of the measuring range above the main alarm (i.e. the alarm 2 threshold).



Special safety precautions must be observed if there is a toxic gas exposure hazard. Maximum Workplace Concentration values are guiding values for toxic gas hazard.

A calibration adapter must be attached to the sensor enclosure for the checking/adjustment of the readout sensitivity. The sensor is then fed, via the calibration adapter, with the test/calibration gas (fresh air or synthetic air in the case of an oxygen sensor) pressureless at a flow rate of approx. 0.5 l/min. The readout on the display is monitored. A sensitivity adjustment is necessary if the displayed value differs from the test/calibration gas concentration. The sensitivity adjustment can be done with the AutoCal program if the displayed value remains constant. The AutoCal program performs an automatic adjustment of the measurement signal to the calibration gas.



The sensor must be free of calibration gas (zero reading) before each readjustment.

The procedure with the keypad on the display or on the RC2 control unit is as follows:

- 1. Activation by a long pressing (at least 3 seconds) of the span button. After the activation, the current interface outputs 2.0mA during the entire operation and the Fault LED flashes slowly. Code / EadE appears in the display.
- 2. The numeric access code, \$\overline{\Omega} \overline{\Omega} \
- 3. After correct entry, the display shows the current measurement value in alternation with Span/5PAn. The transmitter now waits for a noticeable concentration increase. The measurement value is used for updating the sensitivity if the measurement value remains constant for a defined time (after a fixed waiting time of 2 minutes). The Save / 5RUE message is then displayed. The adjustment data has then been automatically updated. However, the transmitter does not immediately switch back to the measuring mode because the still present calibration gas concentration would otherwise activate the alarms. The transmitter waits in the adjustment mode until it detects a reduction in the gas concentration and then a stabilisation of the displayed value. The display shows Zero / ¿Erd in alternation with the current measurement value. The transmitter switches back to the measuring mode after the stabilisation. If a gas reduction and stabilisation of the measurement value is not detected, the transmitter automatically switches back to the measuring mode after 3 minutes.

### Note:

The AutoCal program can be shortened in each phase by a long pressing of the SPANA button. Save / SAUE will appear briefly in the display and the measurement value will be stored directly for an update of the sensitivity.

Press the SPANA button only briefly in order to terminate the AutoCal program without sensitivity adjustment. Quit/E5E.will appear briefly in the display.

The following fault messages can appear during the sensitivity adjustment:

| Display indication          | Comment                                 | Fault LED      |
|-----------------------------|---|----------------|
| Cal. error no. 1/EAL Err. I | A calibration gas increase was not      | Quick blinking |
|                             | detected                                |                |
| Cal. error no. 2/EAL Err.2  | The gas signal is unstable              |                |
| Cal. error no. 3/EAL Err.3  | The gas signal is outside the permitted |                |
|                             | tolerance range                         |                |

The fault messages must be acknowledged with the webul button. The transmitter switches to the measuring mode without a new adjustment. The adjustment must be repeated.

### Service Menu and Extended Service Menu

### **Service Menu Activation**

The service menu allows you to view and change all important parameters of the EC28. The measuring mode is interrupted when the service menu is selected, the transmitter switches to service mode, no alarms are activated. The 'Service' special condition is signalled by a slow blinking of the Fault LED and a current output signal of 2.4mA. The transmitter automatically exits the service mode and switches back to the measuring mode if the operator does not press a key for one minute.



### All the parameter changes made in the service menu relate to the currently selected gas type!

If the gas type <u>and</u> parameters are to be changed, you must first select the new gas type before the parameter changes can be effective for this gas type.

The service menu can be called up in two different expansion levels.

The <u>standard service menu</u> is called up with the access code 1 100. No important settings, e.g. measured gas or measuring range limit value, can be changed. Attempts to change such settings are ignored and commented with the *Barred/FR* it message.

The <u>extended service menu</u> is called up with the access code 5050. All settings can be changed without restriction in the extended service menu. This access code should only be used by specially trained safety personnel of the user.

The procedure with the keypad on the display or with the RC2 control unit is as follows:

- 1. Press the button for at least 3 seconds. The transmitter then switches to the service mode. The prompt Code/EndE will appear in the display.
- 3. After correct entry, you automatically jump back to the service menu at the Gas / LR5 menu item. You can then select the other menu items with the  $\frac{TEST}{ZERO V}$  and  $\frac{INFO}{SPAN A}$  buttons.

| O      | pera | ating | ) |
|--------|------|-------|---|
| $\sim$ | DOI: |       | ٠ |

The selection of a menu is done with the [TEST] and [SPAN A] buttons.

The activation of the desired menu/submenu item after its selection is done by briefly pressing the out button.

The parameter change or the selection of a submenu is done with the TEST and SPAN buttons.

The confirmation of a parameter is done by briefly pressing the webu button.

The service menu can be exited with or without a saving of the parameter changes.

### Note:

Several parameters can be changed without having to leave the service menu between the changes in order to save the change. A save operation at the end of the settings saves all parameters previously changed in the service menu.

*Exceptions:* When the gas type is changed, the change is immediately saved after the confirmation of the menu item and the parameters for this gas type are then activated  $\rightarrow$  the EC28 restarts. Date and time settings are immediately saved.

Some parameters are related. A parameter change can therefore result in an automatic adjustment of other parameters.

| Organisation c | Organisation of the Service Menu | Ienu              |                                |               |                    |                    |                         |          |                   |
|----------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|----------|-------------------|
|                |                                  |                   |                                | Servi         | Service Menu       |                    |                         |          |                   |
| Quit           | Save                             | Gas <sup>01</sup> | Measuring   Cal. gas           | Cal. gas      | Alarm <sup>2</sup> | Relay <sup>3</sup> | Zero range <sup>5</sup> | Info     | Language/Time/Bus |
|                |                                  |                   | range ¹                        |               |                    |                    |                         |          |                   |
| E5C            | SRUE                             | CAS 01            | 5ERL 1                         | CGR5          | FIL <sup>2</sup>   | rEL.³              | bAnd <sup>5</sup>       | nfo      | LAnG              |
| Exit service   | Exit service                     | Measured          | Measured Measuring Calibration | Calibration   | Submenu            | Submenu            | Switch on/off           | Display  | Display Submenu   |
| menu without   | menu after                       | gas               | range limit                    | gas           |                    |                    | sensor zero             | transmit |                   |
| saving all     | saving all                       | selection         | value                          | concentration |                    |                    | range                   | ter info |                   |
| (changed)      | (changed)                        |                   |                                |               |                    |                    |                         |          |                   |
| parameters     | parameters                       |                   |                                |               |                    |                    |                         |          |                   |

|              |                            |                     | Alarm              |                                   |                  |                  |
|--------------|----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Return       | Return   Alarm 1   Alarm 2 |                     | <i>A1 hy</i> s.    | A1 hys. A2 hys. A1 func. A2 func. | A1 func.         | A2 func.         |
| .65          | A!                         |                     | H                  | H2                                | Fl               | FZ               |
| Exit submenu | Alarm 1 limit value        | Alarm 2 limit value | Alarm 1 switch-off | Alarm 2 switch-off                | Alarm 1 function | Alarm 2 function |
|              |                            |                     | hysteresis         | hysteresis                        |                  |                  |

|                      |                | Relay                     |                                       |
|----------------------|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Return Relay func. 1 | Relay func. 1  | Relay mode. <sup>14</sup> | Relay mode. <sup>14</sup> Test        |
| .E5 <i>C</i>         | Fun 1          | A.r.EL 14                 | £55£                                  |
| Exit submenu         | Relay function | (Alarm-)relay mode        | Test activation of the relay contacts |
|                      |                |                           |                                       |

|              |                                    | Lé                    | .anguage/Time/Bus                |  |
|--------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Return       | Return Language Time <sup>67</sup> |                       | Modbus slave addr. <sup>16</sup> | Modbus slave addr. <sup>16</sup>   Modbus com.param. <sup>16</sup> |
| .E5£         | ԼՑոն                               |                       | b.Add <sup>16</sup>              | b.[on 16   |
| Exit submenu | Language of display text           | Current date and time | Modbus slave address             | Modbus interface parameter   |

Menu item entry
 Only changeable in extended service menu
 Only visible on an EC28 with alarm functionality

Only settable if supported by transmitter
 Only settable if RC2 not connected <sup>3</sup> Only visible on an EC28 with relay functionality <sup>4</sup> Visibility dependent on *Relay func*. <sup>5</sup> Sensor predetermines size of range

<sup>-16-</sup>

### Additional Menu Explanations

### Quit

Exit service menu without saving entered parameter changes.

### Save

Exit service menu <u>after</u> saving all entered parameter changes.

### Gas

This function allows you to explicitly select a gas type and the parameters stored in the sensor. Only the gases for which the sensor is intended and for which the sensor is parameterised will be displayed.

### Note:

The EC28 automatically performs a restart if a gas type change is confirmed.

A gas type change always requires a zeropoint calibration (*AutoCal ZERO*) after its warm-up time and then a sensitivity check and, if necessary, a calibration (*AutoCal SPAN*).

There are no restrictions for the first zeropoint adjustment after a gas change.

The parameters, e.g. measuring range, calibration gas concentration and alarm limit values should be checked and, if necessary, adjusted, after a gas change.

### Measuring range

The measuring range limit value can be set in absolute steps of ...100, 150, 200, 250, 300, 400, 500, 750, 1000... but not smaller than  $\frac{1}{6}$  of the maximum measuring range limit value.

### Note:

A change in the measuring range is primarily a conversion of the current output. The standardised output signal of 4...20mA is used for the new measuring range. The numerical indication in the display is not changed by this.

The alarm limit values must be checked and, if necessary adjusted after a reduction in the measuring range. If alarm limit values were set to a higher value than the new measuring range limit value they will automatically be set to the current measuring range limit value.

### Cal. gas

The calibration gas concentration setting must correspond with the concentration of the used calibration gas. The calibration gas concentration can be set in the range of 10%–105% of the current measuring range limit value.

### Zero range

The zero range of the sensor can be deactivated if necessary  $\rightarrow$  the true measured value about the zeropoint will also be displayed.

Possible settings:

- Zero range activated (On/on)
- Zero range deactivated (Off/oFF)

### Info

Callable/displayed transmitter information:

- Sensor type/MK number (Sensor type/5.と リア)
- Sensor serial number (Sensor no./5.nr)
- Software version (Software ver./5.nr)
- Transmitter serial number (Man. no./F.nr F.nr\_)
- Zero code (ZERO Code/[odE)

### Note:

The number shown under ZERO Code / EndE is an access code that is valid for a limited period of time and can be used to activate the zeropoint adjustment without restrictions (see AutoCal ZERO).

The info items are automatically displayed once in sequence in the case of a connected RC2 or no graphic display – you otherwise proceed with the SPANA button.

### Alarm → Alarm 1 and Alarm → Alarm 2

This alarm is activated when its alarm limit value is reached.

The maximum value of the alarm limit values is the current measuring range limit value. However Alarm 1 cannot be set greater than Alarm 2 in the case of a 'greater than' alarm and Alarm 1 cannot be set smaller than Alarm 2 in the case of a 'less than' alarm. For example, in the case of a greater than alarm, Alarm 2 can only be set to nought if Alarm 1 was previously set to nought.

An alarm is deactivated if its limit value is set to nought.

### Note:

The horn in the EC28 is also activated if Alarm 2 is activated.

### Alarm $\rightarrow$ A1 hys. and Alarm $\rightarrow$ A2 hys.

The hysteresis describes the difference between the switch-on and switch-off point of the alarm limit values. A value greater than nought delays the alarm switch-off by this value with respect to the alarm limit value that sets the alarm.

The maximum settable hysteresis is limited to 5% of the maximum measuring range limit value. Furthermore, it cannot be greater than the alarm limit value in the case of a 'greater than' alarm or in the case of a 'less than' alarm, the current measuring range limit value less the alarm limit value.

### Alarm $\rightarrow$ A1 func. und Alarm $\rightarrow$ A2 func.

Possible function settings for Alarm 1 and Alarm 2 are:

- Alarm on 'less than', storing alarm, manually resettable after alarm activation (*Under-stor.-reset/L* 5*E*)
- Alarm on 'less than', non-storing alarm, not manually resettable (*Under-n.stor.-n.reset*/L n5)
- Alarm on 'greater than', non-storing alarm, not manually resettable (*Above-n.stor-.reset/H n5*)
- Alarm on 'greater than', storing alarm, manually resettable after alarm activation (*Above-stor.-reset/H5E*)

### Note:

The function of the horn on the EC28 is fixed to: 'Alarm on 'less than' or 'greater than' limit value of Alarm 2, non-storing alarm, manually resettable even with existing alarm conditions"

### Relay → Relay func.

Possible function settings for the relay are:

- \* Tripping during the calibration (*AutoCal SPAN*) for calibration gas feed (*Cal. pump/PU*קP)
- Continuos tripping on Alarm 1 (*Alarm 1/.*A !)
- Continuous tripping on Alarm 2 (*Alarm 2/.*∃2)
- Alternating tripping (interval) on Alarm 1 and continuous tripping on Alarm 2 (Alarm 2 + 1 Int. / 月2. 13

### Relay → Relay mode

Possible operating mode settings for the alarm relay:

- Normally closed mode (*N-closed*/n.c.)
- Normally open mode (*N*-open/n.a.)

### Relay → Test

The relay is tripped twice briefly.

### Language/Time/Bus → Language

Possible language settings:

- German (*Deutsch* / dE⊔)
- English (English / Ε¬□)
- Spanish (Espanol/5PA)

### Note:

The language setting mainly affects the visualisation in the graphic display.

### $\textbf{\textit{Language/Time/Bus}} \ \rightarrow \textbf{\textit{Time}}$

Setting sequence: year, month, day, hours, minutes

### Language/Time/Bus $\rightarrow$ Modbus slave addr.

Setting range: 1–247

Note:

See also separate 'EC28 – MODBUS Implementation' document.

### Language/Time/Bus → Modbus com. param.

Possible interface settings:

- 19200 Baud, 8 data bits, no parity, 2 stop bits (19200, 8N2/ Bn2)
- 19200 Baud, 8 data bits, even parity, 1 stop bit (19200, 8E1/~BE 1)
- 9600 Baud, 8 data bits, no parity, 2 stop bits (9600, 8N2/\_8n2)
- 9600 Baud, 8 data bits, even parity, 1 stop bit (9600, 8E1/\_BE 1)

### Note:

See also separate 'EC28 – MODBUS Implementation' document'.

### **Sensor Replacement**

The GfG sensors are equipped with a non-volatile memory in which the sensor data (serial number etc.), the calibration data and the selectable gas types are stored.

To replace the sensor, you must undo the Allen screw on the side of the sensor enclosure (see *Transmitter Parts*) and carefully pull off downwards the sensor enclosure. The sensor must also be pulled off downwards and the new sensor then carefully plugged in. The plug-in connector has a misalignment protection – the sensor can only be plugged-in in one orientation. The sensor enclosure must be mounted again correctly and then fixed with the screw.

After removal of the sensor, the display, the status LED and the current output (depending on transmitter variant) signal a Sensor error no. 1/5En5 Err. I (see Indications of Special Conditions and Malfunctions). The EC28 performs a restart after the new sensor has been installed (See Putting Into Operation for sequence and information).

### Fault message Confirm gas change/EHEE GAS

If the new sensor is not specified for the gas type set (as the measured gas) on the transmitter this will be detected during the transmitter powerup. This will be signalled in the display and the green LED will give a double blink (2x short blinks). The EC28 does <u>not</u> switch to the measuring mode.

Pressing the  $\frac{\text{out}}{\text{MENU}}$  button for at least 3 seconds and then entering 5050 will take you to the (extended) service menu where you can change the menu item, Gas/LR5, to a measured gas that is supported by the sensor (see Service menu  $\rightarrow$  Changing the measured gas).

### Fault message Confirm measuring range / EHEE SERL

If the measuring range setting in the new sensor differs from that in the old sensor, this will be detected during the transmitter powerup. This will be signalled in the display and the green LED will give a double blink (2x short blinks). The EC28 does <u>not</u> switch to the measuring mode.

Pressing the went button for at least 3 seconds and then entering 5050 or 1100 will take you to the service menu where you can check, and if necessary change, the measuring range with the menu item, *Measuring range* / 5ERL (see *Service menu* → *Setting the measuring range limit value*). You must then exit the service menu via the menu item, *Save* / 5RUE.

### Note:

The installation of a new sensor always requires a zeropoint calibration (*AutoCal ZERO*) after its warm-up time and then a sensitivity check and, if necessary an adjustment (*AutoCal SPAN*).

There are no restrictions for the first zeropoint calibration after a sensor replacement.

### **Transmission Properties**

The transmitter has different transmission properties depending on the measured gas type. The warm-up times can differ depending on the measured gas. The signal output is always proportional to the gas concentration.

### **Indications and Messages**



The indication of special conditions via the current interface (<2.8mA) is <u>not</u> possible in the case of the EC28 i or EC28Di. The current output during these special conditions has a minimum value of 2.8mA.

### **Indications of Special Conditions and Malfunctions**

The following table contains descriptions of the special conditions for which the yellow Fault LED is permanently lit (exceptions: EC28 i and EC28 Di) and the current interface outputs ≤1.6mA. In the case of a transmitter without display, the following fault messages should be displayed with the RC2 control unit for better diagnosis or the exact value of the current output should be evaluated.

| No. | Indication  | Green  | Yellow | Current | Cause   | Note/Explanation  |
|-----|---|--------|--------|---------|---|---|
|     |   | LED    | LED    | output  |   |   |
| 001 | Self-test   | ON     | ON     | 0mA     | Program and memory tests at   |   |
|     | EE5E  |        |        |         | start of system powerup   |   |
| 002 | Reading transmitter parameters Operating parameters LoAd Operating parameters | Blinks | ON     | 1.6mA   | System powerup (during start<br>after measured gas or sensor<br>change) | Switches automatically to the sensor warm-up phase                  |
| 003 | Sensor warm-up<br>Seconds countdown<br>Seconds countdown                      | Blinks | ON     | 1.6mA   | Sensor warm-up phase  | Switches automatically to<br>the measuring mode after<br>completion |

| No. | Indication   | Green<br>LED  | Yellow<br>LED | Current output | Cause  | Note/Explanation   |
|-----|--|---------------|---------------|----------------|--|--|
| 101 | Sensor life exceeded   | Single pulses | ON            | 1.2mA          | Sensor life expired  | Sensor must be replaced  |
| 102 | Confirm gas change   | Double pulses | ON            | 1.2mA          | Sensor is not specified for the measured gas (after sensor replacement)  | Replace sensor again or select other measured gas (see <i>Sensor Replacement</i> ) |
| 103 | Confirm measuring<br>range<br>EHEC SCAL                                | Double pulses | ON            | 1.2mA          | Measuring range setting of<br>sensor and transmitter do not<br>correspond for selected<br>measured gas<br>(after sensor replacement) | Check SCAL measuring range and change if necessary (see Sensor Replacement)        |
| 104 | System error<br>(Working memory<br>defective)<br>595 Err. I            | OFF           | ON            | 1.2mA          | Error during RAM access  |  |
| 105 | System error<br>(Prog. memory<br>defective)<br>545 Err.2               | OFF           | ON            | 1.2mA          | Error during ROM access  |  |
| 106 | System error<br>(Param. memory<br>defective)<br>595 Err.3              | OFF           | ON            | 1.2mA          | Error during EEPROM access (internal)  | Restart transmitter. Replace transmitter if error message is repeated              |
| 107 | System error<br>(Temperature<br>measurement<br>defective)<br>535 Err.7 | OFF           | ON            | 1.2mA          | Temperature measurement not plausible  |  |
| 108 | ADC error<br>(Temperature<br>measurement error)<br>Rdu Err.2           | OFF           | ON            | 1.2mA          | A/C Converter error<br>(Temperature<br>measurement/NTC)  |  |
| 109 | Sensor error<br>(No sensor detected)<br>5En5 Enc. I                    | OFF           | ON            | 1.2mA          | No sensor present/detected   | Install sensor<br>(automatic restart)  |
| 110 | Sensor error<br>(Param. memory<br>defective)<br>5En5 Enc.2             | OFF           | ON            | 1.2mA          | Error during EEPROM access (Sensor)  | Replace sensor (automatic  |
| 111 | Sensor error<br>(Param. memory<br>error)<br>5EnS Err.3                 | OFF           | ON            | 1.2mA          | Incorrect sensor/parameter memory  | restart)   |

| No. | Indication   | Green<br>LED | Yellow<br>LED | Current output | Cause  | Note/Explanation   |
|-----|--|--------------|---------------|----------------|--|--|
| 201 | permanent permanent  | ON           | ON            | 22mA           | The gas concentration has exceeded the measuring range of the transmitter electronics            |  |
| 202 | Measurement value in alternation with  | ON           | OFF           | 22mA           | The gas concentration has greatly exceeded the measuring range (≥ 112.5% of the measuring range) |  |
| 203 | Measurement value in alternation with  | ON           | OFF           | 2022mA         | The gas concentration has exceeded the measuring range (100112.5% of the measuring range)        | Reduce the gas concentration!!!  |
| 204 | Measurement value in alternation with Alarm 2 Measurement value in alternation with R2 | ON           | OFF           | 420mA          | The gas concentration has reached/exceeded the 2nd alarm threshold                               |  |
| 205 | Measurement value in alternation with Alarm 1  Measurement value in alternation with   | ON           | OFF           | 420mA          | The gas concentration has reached/exceeded the 1st alarm threshold                               |  |
| 206 | Scaling warning<br>SEAL Err.   | ON           | OFF           | 420mA          | Precautionary warning: Measuring range limit no longer detectable by hardware/sensor combination | Acknowledge with QUIT MENU  a) Readjust sensor (SPAN) b) Adjust/reduce the measuring range in the service menu |
| 207 | Check supply voltage   | ON           | OFF           | 420mA          | Precautionary warning: The supply voltage is not in the required range                           | Check/adjust the supply voltage  |
| 208 | Sensor<br>replacement<br>EHnG 5En5   | ON           | Single pulses | 420mA          | Precautionary warning: The sensor life will expire in the next few months                        | Replace sensor during next maintenance   |
| 209 | Measurement value  | ON           | OFF           | 420mA          | Faultless measuring mode   |  |
| 210 | Measurement value  | ON           | OFF           | 2.84mA         | Measuring range underflow (-7.50.0% of the measuring range)                                      |  |
| 211 | Measurement value  | ON           | ON            | 2.8mA          | Measuring range underflow (< -7.5% of the measuring range)                                       | Zeropoint calibration necessary  |
| 212 | Measurement value in alternation with  Measurement value in alternation with           | ON           | ON            | 1.2mA          | Measuring signal below the measuring range of the transmitter electronics                        | Zeropoint calibration<br>necessary, then check<br>sensitivity  |

### Note:

In measuring mode, the messages listed in the second column are displayed in alternation with the measurement value. The indications described in no. 204 and no. 205 only apply for the EC28 DA. The indications described in no.. 206–208 are precautionary warning messages. The transmitter remains in measuring mode and an immediate action by the operator is not necessary. The conditions described in no. 203 and no. 210 relate to a de facto expansion of the measuring range of 4...20mA to the 2.8...22mA range in order to display measurement values 'close' to the actual measuring range. This creates a tolerance range around the 4...20mA before a special condition is displayed.

| Ind | ications in Servi                                     | ce Mod           | de and D          | Ouring Ca      | alibration   |  |
|-----|---|------------------|-------------------|----------------|--|--|
| No. | Indication  | Gree<br>n<br>LED | Yellow<br>LED     | Current output | Cause  | Note/Explanation   |
| 301 | Menu item   | ON               | Blinks            | 2.4mA          | Service menu was activated via keypad or the RC2   | Select menu item Automatic return to measuring mode if no input occurs for one minute  |
| 302 | ZERO<br>∂Ero  | ON               | Blinks            | 2.0mA          | AutoCal adjustment of the zeropoint was activated via keypad, the RC2 or the AutoZero button                       | Automatic termination after successful calibration   |
| 303 | SPAN<br>SPAn  | ON               | Blinks            | 2.0mA          | AutoCal adjustment of the sensitivity was activated via keypad or the RC2  | Automatic termination after successful calibration   |
| 304 | Cal. error<br>(No conc. change)<br>[RL Err. I         | ON               | Blinks<br>quickly | 2.0mA          | An increase in the calibration gas concentration was not detected during the AutoCal adjustment of the sensitivity | Acknowledge with Acknow |
| 305 | Cal. error<br>(Gas not stable)<br>[AL Err.2           | ON               | Blinks<br>quickly | 2.0mA          | No stable zero gas / calibration gas concentration was detected during the AutoCal adjustment                      | Acknowledge with Acknow |
| 306 | Cal. error<br>(Calibr. not<br>plausible)<br>[RL Err.3 | ON               | Blinks<br>quickly | 2.0mA          | The zeropoint / sensitivity is outside the permitted tolerance range   | Acknowledge with Menu  a) Check zero / calibration gas and repeat procedure.  b) Replace sensor if necessary   |

### Conditions of Status LED's and Current Output

The following table gives a better overview of the different indications of both status LED's and the current output signals and their meaning for a transmitter without display

The RC2 control unit is required for zeropoint calibration (when indication > 25% of the measuring range), for adjustment and for calling up the service menu in the case of a transmitter without display.

| Green LED     | Yellow LED     | <b>Current output</b> | For a description, see section    |                  |
|---------------|----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|
| ON            | ON             | 2.8mA                 | Indications in measuring mode     | No. 211          |
| ON            | ON             | 1.2mA                 | Indications in measuring mode     | No. 212          |
| ON            | ON             | 0mA                   | Indications of special conditions | No. 001          |
| ON            | ON             | 22mA                  | Indications in measuring mode     | No. 201          |
| ON            | OFF            | 22mA                  | Indications in measuring mode     | No. 202          |
| ON            | Blinks quickly | 2.0mA                 | Indications in service mode       | No. 304–306      |
| ON            | Blinks slowly  | 2.4mA                 | Indications in service mode       | No. 301          |
| ON            | Blinks slowly  | 2.0mA                 | Indications in service mode       | No. 302, 303     |
| ON            | Single pulses  | 420mA                 | Indications in measuring mode     | No. 208          |
| ON            | OFF            | 2022mA                | Indications in measuring mode     | No. 203          |
| ON            | OFF            | 420mA                 | Indications in measuring mode     | No. 204–207, 209 |
| ON            | OFF            | 2.84mA                | Indications in measuring mode     | No. 210          |
| Blinks        | ON             | 1.6mA                 | Indications of special conditions | No. 002, 003     |
| Single pulses | ON             | 1.2mA                 | Indications of special conditions | No. 101          |
| Double pulses | ON             | 1.2mA                 | Indications of special conditions | No. 102, 103     |
| OFF           | ON             | 1.2mA                 | Indications of special conditions | No. 104–111      |

### **Priority of Indications and Messages in Measuring Mode**

The indication of conditions with lower priority are overwritten by indications with higher priorities. The conditions with lower priorities are not reset.

| Priority | Condition                    | For a description, see section    |              |
|----------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|
|          | A/D converter fault          | Indications of special conditions | No. 108      |
|          | Measuring range overflow     | Indications in measuring mode     | No. 201–203  |
|          | Alarm2                       | Indications in measuring mode     | No. 204      |
|          | Alarm1                       | Indications in measuring mode     | No. 205      |
|          | Measuring range underflow    | Indications in measuring mode     | No. 211, 212 |
|          | Power supply fault (Warning) | Indications in measuring mode     | No. 207      |
| <b>V</b> | 'SCAL Error' (Warning)       | Indications in measuring mode     | No. 206      |
| Ţ        | Sensor replacement (Warning) | Indications in measuring mode     | No. 208      |

System/sensor faults (No. 101 and No. 104-111) interrupt the measuring mode with their respective indication/message.

### First Putting Into Operation and Maintenance

The DIN EN 50073 standard, 'Guide for the selection, installation, use and maintenance of apparatus for the detection and measurement of combustible gases or oxygen' and other national regulations must be observed. During the first putting into operation, gas detection systems must be checked for correct functioning by a qualified person after their installation (see DIN EN 50073, section 6.4.1)

The maintenance includes service, maintenance, calibration and adjustment, as well as regular functional checks and repair.

The checks must be done by a qualified person and a written record of the results must be kept.

### Service, Maintenance, Calibration and Adjustment

The service should include visual checks on the gas detection system.

- Mechanical damage
- Contamination by dust
- Condensation due to moisture
- Protective devices for transmitters
- Diffusion openings of the transmitters
- Gas offtake system, gas processing (if installed)

Maintenance and adjustment consist of work that maintains the operability of the gas detection system. It should be done at regular intervals. An interval of 4 months should normally not be exceeded. (see DIN EN 50073, section 6.4.3).

- Zeropoint
- Sensitivity with test/calibration gas
- Tripping of the alarm thresholds
- Response time
- Output functions, visual and audible
- Fault/error messages/indications

We recommend that this work be done by GfG customer service.

### **Regular Functional Checks**

Gas detection systems can behave differently depending on the environmental conditions. It is therefore important to carry out a daily visual check, particularly during the first few days after a new putting into operation.

The correct functioning of the gas detection system must be checked at regular intervals in addition to the maintenance work. The interval must not exceed 1 year.

The checks must be done by a qualified person and a written record of the results must be kept.

### Repair

Repair means all repair and replacement work. Repair may only be performed by the manufacturer and persons authorised by the manufacturer – i.e. GfG Gesellschaft für Gerätebau mbH. Only original spare parts/assemblies tested and approved by the manufacturer may be used.

| Fault - Cause - Remedy                |                            |                     |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|
| Fault                                 | Cause                      | Remedy              |
| Zeropoint can no longer be adjusted   | Defective sensor           | Replace the sensor  |
| Sensitivity can no longer be adjusted | Defective sensor           | Replace the sensor  |
| Output current level has dropped      | Defective fuse;            | Replace the fuse;   |
| to 0mA                                | Supply cable not connected | Make the connection |

### Accessories

|  | Part no.   |
|--|------------|
| RC2 control unit   | 2800201    |
| EC28 calibration adapter for non-reactive gas for calibration of the transmitter | 2810202    |
| EC28 calibration adapter for reactive gas for calibration of the transmitter     | On request |
| EC28 flow adapter  | On request |
| Zener barrier SB 4420  | On request |

### **Connectors and Terminal Assignment**

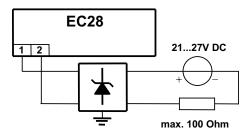
**=▶** The number of terminals varies with the expansion level of the EC28.

| <b>□</b> 4 □        | 8                   |            |
|---------------------|---------------------|------------|
| □3 □                | □7 □                | cable feed |
| <b>□</b> 2 <b>□</b> | <b>□</b> 6 <b>□</b> | feed       |
| <b>□</b> 1 <b>□</b> | <b>□</b> 5 <b>□</b> |            |

### EC28 i with 4...20mA interface (two-wire) and Zener barrier

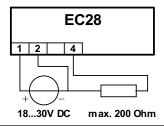
- 1: 21...27V DC power supply (in front of the Zener barrier, see the *Accessories* section)
- 2: 0V GND power supply

Current measuring (4...20mA) in the supply cable



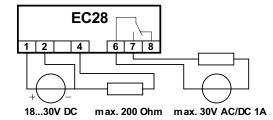
### EC28 with 4...20mA interface (three-wire)

- 1: 18...30V DC power supply
- 2: 0V GND power supply
- 3: -
- 4: 4...20mA current output



### EC28 with 4...20mA interface (three-wire) and relay

- 1: 18...30V DC power supply
- 2: 0V GND power supply
- 3. –
- 4: 4...20mA current output
- 6: COM Relay
- 7: NO Relay
- 8: NC Relay



## EC28 with MODBUS interface (RS-485) 1: 18...30V DC power supply 2: 0V GND power supply 3: Data+ (D1) 4: Data- (D0) 5: 18...30V DC power supply 6: 0V GND power supply 7: Data+ (D1) 8: Data- (D0) 18...30V DC

Note: See separate 'EC28 – MODBUS Implementation' documentation for operating specifications.

| Measured gas  | Standard      | Smallest / largest  | MK number |
|---|---------------|---------------------|-----------|
| 8   | measuring     | measuring ranges    |           |
|   | range         |                     |           |
| Ammonia (NH <sub>3</sub> )  | 0100 ppm      | 0 40 to 200 ppm     | MK393-7   |
| (- :5)  | 0500 ppm      | 0200 to 1000 ppm    | MK399-7   |
| Chlorine (Cl <sub>2</sub> )   | 010 ppm       | 010 to 50 ppm       | MK390-7   |
| 2)  | 050 ppm       | 050 to 250 ppm      | MK304-4   |
| Chlorine dioxide (ClO <sub>2</sub> )  | 02 ppm        | 0 1 to 2 ppm        | MK391-7   |
| Hydrogen chloride (HCl)   | 010 ppm       | 0 5 to 30 ppm       | MK392-7   |
| , ,   | 050 ppm       | 040 to 200 ppm      | MK309-7   |
| Hydrogen cyanide (HCN)  | 050 ppm       | 010 to 50 ppm       | MK409-7   |
|   | 0100 ppm      | 040 to 200 ppm      | MK336-7   |
| Ethylene oxide (C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> O)  | 020 ppm       | 020 to 100 ppm      | MK340-7   |
| Hydrogen fluoride (HF)  | 010 ppm       | <u> </u>            | MK412-7   |
| Carbon monoxide (CO)  | 0300 ppm      | 0100 to 500 ppm     | MK174-7   |
| with warning of H <sub>2</sub> S  | 01000 ppm     | 0400 to 2000 ppm    | MK174-4   |
| Carbon monoxide (CO)  | 0300 ppm      | 0100 to 500 ppm     | MK175-7   |
| without warning of H <sub>2</sub> S   | 01000 ppm     | 0400 to 2000 ppm    | MK175-4   |
| Carbon monoxide (CO) without warning of H <sub>2</sub> S reduced hydrogen cross sensitivity | 0300 ppm      | 0100 to 500 ppm     | MK369-7   |
| Ozone (O <sub>3</sub> ) for MAC monitoring  | 01 ppm        | _                   | MK411-7   |
| Ozone (O <sub>3</sub> ) for leak monitoring   | 03 ppm        | 01 to 5 ppm         | MK397-7   |
| Phosgene (COCl <sub>2</sub> )   | 02 ppm        | 01 to 2 ppm         | MK349-7   |
| Oxygen (O <sub>2</sub> )  | 025 % by vol. | 05 to 30 % by vol.  | MK398-7   |
| Sulphur dioxide (SO <sub>2</sub> )  | 010 ppm       | 010 to 50 ppm       | MK306-7   |
|   | 0100 ppm      | 0100 to 500 ppm     | MK307-7   |
| Hydrogen sulphide (H <sub>2</sub> S)  | 050 ppm       | 040 to 200 ppm      | MK176-7   |
|   | 0200 ppm      | 0200 to 1000 ppm    | MK177-7   |
| Hydrogen sulphide (H <sub>2</sub> S) reduced methanol cross sensitivity                     | 050 ppm       | 040 to 200 ppm      | MK429-7   |
| Silane (SiH <sub>4</sub> )  | 020 ppm       | 010 to 50 ppm       | MK404-7   |
| Nitrogen dioxide (NO <sub>2</sub> )   | 030 ppm       | 010 to 50 ppm       | MK310-7   |
|   | 0100 ppm      | 040 to 200 ppm      | MK310-4   |
| Nitrogen monoxide (NO)  | 0100 ppm      | 050 to 300 ppm      | MK179-7   |
|   | 0500 ppm      | 0300 to 1500 ppm    | MK179-4   |
| Hydrogen (H <sub>2</sub> )  | 02000 ppm     | 0400 to 2000 ppm    | MK305-7   |
|   | 01 % by vol.  | 00.2 to 1 % by vol. | MK402-7   |
|   | 02 % by vol.  | 01 to 4 % by vol.   | MK403-7   |

```
Sensor specification
MK174-7 (-4)
                      Electrochemical sensor for carbon monoxide CO
      Response time
                                                    too: <40 sec
      Pressure
                               800...1200 hPa:
                                                    max. ±3ppm
                                                                     or ±7% of reading
                                                                                             (at 1000 hPa)
      Humidity
                              15%...90% R.H.:
                                                                     or ±7% of reading
                                                                                             (at 50% R.H.)
                                                    max. ±3ppm
      Temperature
                              -20...+40(50)°C:
                                                    max. \pm 3(5)ppm or \pm 7(10)\% of reading (at 20°C)
      Cross-sensitivities
                                                    H_2S \approx 250\%, C_2H_4 < 100\%, SO_2 \approx 60\%, H_2 < 60\%, NO_2 \approx -60\%, HCN \approx 50\%, Cl_2 \approx -50\%, NO \approx 30\% \tag{*1}
      Anticipated life:
                                                     3 years
MK175-7 (-4) Electrochemical sensor for carbon monoxide CO
      Response time
                                                     t<sub>90</sub>: <45 sec
                                800...1200 hPa:
      Pressure
                                                    max. ±3ppm
                                                                     or \pm 7\% of reading
                                                                                             (at 1000 hPa)
                              15%...90% R.H.:
      Humidity
                                                    max. ±3ppm or ±7% of reading
                                                                                             (at 50% R.H.)
      Temperature
                              -20...+40(50)°C:
                                                    max. \pm 3(5)ppm or \pm 7(10)\% of reading
                                                                                                 (at 20°C)
      Cross-sensitivities
                                                    H_2S<2\% \,,\, C_2H_4<100\% \,,\, H_2<60\% \,,\, HCN<20\% \,,\, NO<20\% \,,\, NO_2<-10\% \,,\, HCL=SO_2=Cl_2=0\% \,, \tag{*1}
      Anticipated life:
                                                     3 years
MK176-7 Electrochemical sensor for hydrogen sulphide H<sub>2</sub>S
      Response time
                                                    t<sub>90</sub>: <40 sec
                                800...1200 hPa:
      Pressure
                                                    max. ±1ppm or ±7% of reading (at 1000 hPa)
      Humidity
                              15%...90% R.H.:
                                                    max. ±1ppm or ±7% of reading (at 50% R.H.)
                                  -20...+50°C:
                                                    max. \pm 1ppm or \pm 7\% of reading (at 20°C)
      Temperature
      Cross-sensitivities:
                                                    SO_2 < 20\% \text{ , } NO_2 < -20\% \text{ , } Cl_2 < -20\% \text{ , } HCN < -10\% \text{ , } NO < 6\%, CO < 0.5\% \text{ , } H_2 < 0.1\% \tag{*1}
      Anticipated life:
MK177-7
                Electrochemical sensor for hydrogen sulphide H<sub>2</sub>S
      Response time
                                                    t_{oo}: <40 sec
                               800...1200 hPa:
      Pressure
                                                    max. \pm 1ppm or \pm 7\% of reading (at 1000 hPa)
     Humidity
                              15%...90% R.H.:
                                                    max. \pm 1ppm or \pm 7\% of reading (at 50% R.H.)
                                                    max. \pm 1ppm or \pm 7\% of reading (at 20°C)
      Temperature
                                  -20 +50°C:
      Cross-sensitivities:
                                                    SO_2 < 20\%, NO_2 < -20\%, HCN < -15\%, Cl_2 < \pm 5\%, CO < 2\%, H_2 < 0.1\%, NO = 0\%
      Anticipated life:
 MK179-7 (-4) Electrochemical sensor for nitrogen monoxide NO
                                                    t<sub>90</sub>: <25 sec
      Response time
                               800...1200 hPa:
      Pressure
                                                    max.\,\pm 1ppm
                                                                    or ±7% of reading (at 1000 hPa)
      Humidity
                              15%...90% R.H.:
                                                    max. \pm 1ppm or \pm 7\% of reading (at 50% R.H.)
      Temperature
                              -20...+35(50)°C:
                                                    max. \pm 3(6)ppm or \pm 7\% of reading (at 20°C)
      Cross-sensitivities:
                                                    H_2S\approx35\%, NO_2<30\%, HCl<20\%, SO_2=CO=NO=HCN=Cl_2=0\%
      Anticipated life:
                                                    3 minutes to one day - depending on switch-off duration
      Warm-up time
MK304-4 Electrochemical sensor for chlorine Cl<sub>2</sub>
      Response time
                                                     t<sub>80</sub>: <70 sec
      Pressure
                               800...1200 hPa:
                                                    max. ±0.2ppm
                                                                        or ±10% of reading (at 1000 hPa)
      Humidity
                              15%...90% R.H.:
                                                                        or ±10% of reading (at 50% R.H.)
                                                    max. ±0.2ppm
                              -20...+35(50)°C:
      Temperature
                                                    max. \pm 0.3(0.5)ppm or \pm 10\% of reading (at 20°C)
      Cross-sensitivities:
                                                    NO<sub>2</sub>≈100%, H<sub>2</sub>S<-10%, SO<sub>2</sub><-1%, H<sub>2</sub>=HCN=HCl=NO=CO=0% (*1)
      Anticipated life:
                                                       .3 years
MK305-7
                 Electrochemical sensor for hydrogen H<sub>2</sub>
      Response time
                                                    t90: <60 sec
                               800...1200 hPa:
      Pressure
                                                                       or ±5% of reading (at 1000 hPa)
                                                    max. \pm 5ppm
      Humidity
                              15%...90% R.H.:
                                                                       or ±10% of reading (at 50% R.H.)
                                                    max. \pm 5ppm
      Temperature
                              -20...+40(50)°C:
                                                    max. \pm 10(20)ppm or \pm 20\% of reading (at 20°C)
      Cross-sensitivities:
                                                     C_2H_4 \!\!\approx\!\! 80\% \text{ , NO} \!\!\approx\!\! 30\% \text{ , HCN} \!\!\approx\!\! 30\% \text{ , CO} \!\!<\!\! 20\% \text{ , H}_2S \!\!<\!\! 20\% \text{ , SO}_2 \!\!=\!\! \text{NO}_2 \!\!=\!\! \text{Cl}_2 \!\!=\!\! \text{HCl} \!\!=\!\! 0\% \tag{*1}
      Anticipated life:
                                                      ...3 years
MK306-7 Electrochemical sensor for sulphur dioxide SO<sub>2</sub>
      Response time
                                                    too: <30 sec
                               800...1200 hPa:
      Pressure
                                                    max. \pm 0.2ppm or \pm 5\% of reading (at 1000 hPa)
      Humidity
                              15%...90% R.H.:
                                                    max. \pm 0.2ppm or \pm 5\% of reading (at 50% R.H.)
                                  -20...+50°C:
                                                    max. \pm 0.2 ppm or ~\pm 5\% of reading ~ (at 20^{\circ}C)
      Temperature
      Cross-sensitivities:
                                                    \rm H_2S \approx 130\% \ , \ NO_2 \approx -120\% \ , \ HCN \approx 50\% \ , \ Cl_2 \approx -50\% \ , \ HCl \approx 20\% \ , \ CO < 1\% \ , \ NO = 0\% \ \ (*1)
      Anticipated life:
MK307-7 Electrochemical sensor for sulphur dioxide SO<sub>2</sub>
      Response time
                                                    t<sub>90</sub>: <30 sec
                               800...1200 hPa:
      Pressure
                                                    max. ±0.2ppm or ±5% of reading (at 1000 hPa)
      Humidity
                              15% 90% R H ·
                                                    max. \pm 0.2ppm or \pm 5\% of reading (at 50% R.H.)
      Temperature
                                  -20...+50°C:
                                                    max. \pm 0.2ppm or \pm 5\% of reading (at 20°C)
      Cross-sensitivities:
                                                    NO_2 \approx -100\% , Cl_2 \approx -50\% , HCN < 50\% , CO < 2\% , H_2S = HCl = H_2 = NO = 0\%
 MK309-7 Electrochemical sensor for hydrogen chloride HCl
                                                    t<sub>90</sub>: <150 sec
      Response time
                               800 1200 hPa:
                                                    max. ±1ppm or ±10% of reading (at 1000 hPa)
      Pressure
     Humidity
                              10%...95% R.H.:
                                                    max. ±1ppm or ±10% of reading (at 50% R.H.)
                              -20...+35(50)°C:
                                                    max. \pm 1(3)ppm or \pm 15(30)\% of reading (at 20°C)
      Temperature
                                                     H<sub>2</sub>S: 60..150%, SO<sub>2</sub>: 30..70%, NO<sub>2</sub><10%, Cl<sub>2</sub>: -5..+10%, HCN<3%, CO<1%, NO=0%
      Cross-sensitivities:
      Anticipated life:
                                                     10 minutes to seven days - depending on switch-off duration
```

For (\*1): Gas indication for the fed concentration in the range of MAC values

```
MK310-7 (-4) Electrochemical sensor for nitrogen dioxide NO<sub>2</sub>
                                                  t<sub>90</sub>: <45 sec
     Response time
     Pressure
                              800...1200 hPa:
                                                  max. \pm 0.3ppm
                                                                      or ±5% of reading (at 1000 hPa)
                            15%...90% R.H.:
    Humidity
                                                                     or \pm 5\% of reading (at 50% R.H.)
                                                  max. ±0.3ppm
                            -20...+40(50)°C:
     Temperature
                                                  max. \pm 0.3(0.5)ppm or \pm 5\% of reading (at 20°C)
                                                  Cl_2{\approx}100\% \ , \ H_2S{<}\text{-}10\% \ , \ SO_2{<}1\% \ , \ HCl=HCN=H_2=NO=CO=0\% \ \ \ (*1)
     Cross-sensitivities:
     Anticipated life:
MK336-7 Electrochemical sensor for hydrogen cyanide HCN
     Response time
                                                  t_{90}: <150 sec
                                                                  or ±10% of reading (at 1000 hPa)
     Pressure
                             800...1200 hPa:
                                                  max. ±1 ppm
                            15% 90% R H ·
     Humidity
                                                  max. \pm 1 ppm or \pm 10\% of reading (at 50% R.H.)
     Temperature
                            -20...+35(50)°C:
                                                  max. ±1(3) ppm or ±15% of reading (at 20°C)
     Cross-sensitivities:
                                                  \rm H_2S{\approx}350\% , \rm SO_2{<}300\% , \rm NO_2{<-}300\% , \rm Cl_2{\approx}{-}50\% , \rm NO{<}40\% , \rm CO{<}12\% , \rm H_2{=}0\%
     Anticipated life:
MK340-7 Electrochemical sensor for ethylene oxide C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub>O
     Response time
                                                  t<sub>90</sub>: <150 sec
     Pressure
                              800...1200 hPa:
                                                  max. ±1ppm or ±15% of reading (at 1000 hPa)
     Humidity
                            15%...90% R.H.:
                                                  max. ±2ppm or ±15% of reading
                                                                                        (at 50% R.H.)
     Temperature
                            -20...+30(50)°C:
                                                  max. \pm 1(3)ppm or \pm 15(20)\% of reading (at 20°C)
     Cross-sensitivities:
                                                  CO≈40%, CH<sub>4</sub>O≈150%, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>≈125%, CH<sub>2</sub>O≈120%, CH<sub>4</sub>S≈100%, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub>≈80%, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>O≈55%, C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>8</sub>≈20%,
                                                  MEC≈10% and others. (*1)
     Anticipated life:
                                                   2...3 years
     Warm-up time
                                                   4 minutes to seven days - depending on switch-off duration
MK349-7 Electrochemical sensor for phosgene COCl<sub>2</sub>
     Response time
     Pressure
                              800...1200 hPa:
                                                  max. ±0.02ppm or ±10% of reading (at 1000 hPa)
                                                  max. \pm 0.02ppm or \pm 10\% of reading (at 50% R.H.)
    Humidity
                            10%...95% R.H.:
                                                  -20...+40°C:
     Temperature
     Cross-sensitivities:
     Anticipated life:
                                                   1..1.5 years
MK369-7 Electrochemical sensor for carbon monoxide CO
                                                  t<sub>20</sub>: <10 sec
                                                                    t<sub>90</sub>: <30 sec
     Response time
                              800...1200 hPa:
                                                  max. ±3ppm or ±10% of reading
     Pressure
                                                  max. ±3ppm or ±10% of reading
     Humidity
                            15%...90% R.H.:
                                                                                      (at 50% R.H.)
                                 -20...+50°C:
                                                  max. ±3ppm or ±15% of reading
     Temperature
                                                                                      (at 20°C)
     Cross-sensitivities:
                                                  H<sub>2</sub>: <10%, NO: <9%, H<sub>2</sub>S: 0%, SO<sub>2</sub>: 0% (*1)
     Anticipated life:
                                                   2..3 years
MK390-7 Electrochemical sensor for chlorine Cl<sub>2</sub>
     Response time
                                                  t<sub>90</sub>: <30 sec
                              800...1200 hPa:
     Pressure
                                                  max. ±0.2ppm or ±10% of reading (at 1000 hPa)
    Humidity
                            10%...95% R.H.:
                                                  max. ±0.2ppm or ±10% of reading (at 50% R.H.)
                                 -20...+50°C:
     Temperature
                                                  max. \pm 0.2ppm or \pm 10\% of reading (at 20°C)
     Cross-sensitivities:
                                                  F_2: \approx \!\! 44\% \text{ , ClO}_2: \approx \!\! 20\% \text{ , NO}_2: \approx \!\! 12\% \text{ , H}_2S: \approx \!\! -3\% \text{ , HCl: } <\!\! 2\% \text{ , CO: } 0\% \text{ , SO}_2: 0\% \tag{*1}
     Anticipated life:
                                                   2..3 years
MK391-7 Electrochemical sensor for chlorine dioxide ClO<sub>2</sub>
     Response time
                                                  t_{00}: <120 sec
                              800...1200 hPa:
                                                  max. \pm 0.05ppm or \pm 10\% of reading (at 1000 hPa)
     Pressure
                            10%...95% R.H.:
                                                  max. \pm 0.05 ppm or \,\pm 10\% of reading \, (at 50% R.H.)
     Humidity
                                 -20...+50°C:
     Temperature
                                                  max. \pm 0.05 ppm or ~\pm 10\% of reading ~ (at 20^{\circ}C)
     Cross-sensitivities:
                                                  Cl_2: \approx 90\%, H_2S: \approx -0.2\%, H_2=CO_2=CO=GeH_4=B_2H_6: 0\%
     Anticipated life
MK392-7 Electrochemical sensor for hydrogen chloride HCl
     Response time
                                                  too: <90 sec
                              800...1200 hPa:
                                                                                      (at 1000 hPa)
     Pressure
                                                  max. ±1ppm or ±10% of reading
     Humidity
                            10%...95% R.H.:
                                                  max. ±1ppm or ±10% of reading
                                                                                       (at 50% R.H.)
     Temperature
                                 -20...+50°C:
                                                  max. \pm 1ppm or \pm 10\% of reading
                                                                                      (at 20°C)
     Cross-sensitivities:
                                                  PH_{3}{:}~300\%~,~H_{2}S{:}~28\%~,~Cl_{2}{:}~20\%~,~HCN{:}~7\%~,~CO{:}~1\%~,~~C_{2}H_{6}O{=}CO_{2}{=}H_{2}{=}HF{=}N_{2}{:}~0\%
                                                                                                                                                   (*1)
     Anticipated life
MK393-7 Electrochemical sensor for ammonia NH3
     Response time
                                                  t<sub>90</sub>: <60 sec
                              800...1200 hPa:
     Pressure
                                                  max. ±1ppm or ±10% of reading
                                                                                      (at 1000 hPa)
                                                  max. ±1ppm or ±10% of reading
     Humidity
                            10%...95% R.H.:
                                                                                      (at 50% R.H.)
     Temperature
                                 -20...+50°C:
                                                  max. ±1ppm or ±15% of reading
                                                                                      (at 20°C)
     Cross-sensitivities:
                                                  CO: 0\%, CO_2: 0\%, H_2: 0\%, C_2H_6O: 0\%, Cl_2: 0\%, HCN: 0\%, N_2: 0\%, H_2S: 0\% \ (in \ minutes \ range)
MK397-7 Electrochemical sensor for ozone O<sub>3</sub>
     Response time
                                                   t<sub>90</sub>: <150 sec
     Pressure
                              800 1200 hPa:
                                                   max. ±0.03 ppm or ±10% of reading (at 1000 hPa)
     Humidity
                            15%...90% R.H.:
                                                  max. ±0.03 ppm or ±10% of reading
                                                                                           (at 50% R.H.)
                                 -20...+50°C:
                                                  max. ±0.05 ppm or ±15% of reading (at 20°C)
     Temperature
     Cross-sensitivities:
                                                  ClO_2 \approx 200\%, NO_2 \approx 80\%, H_2S \approx -70\%, Cl_2 \approx 60\%, SO_2 \approx -50\%, CO < 0.1\%
                                                  2...3 years
     Anticipated life:
```

For (\*1): Gas indication for the fed concentration in the range of MAC values

```
MK398-7 Electrochemical sensor for oxygen O2
     Response time
                                                     t20: <10 sec t90: <20 sec
                               800...1200 hPa:
     Pressure
                                                    max. \pm 0.2\% by vol.
                                                                             or ±2.5% of measuring range (at 1000 hPa)
     Humidity
                              0%...99% R.H.:
                                                    max. \pm 0.2\% by vol.
                                                                              or ±2.5% of measuring range (at 50% R.H.)
     Temperature
                              -20...+40(50)°C:
                                                    max. \pm 0.3(0.5)\% by vol. or \pm 2(4)\% of reading
     Anticipated life:
                                                     2 years in air
MK399-7 Electrochemical sensor for ammonia NH<sub>3</sub>
     Response time
                                                    t<sub>90</sub>: <90 sec
     Pressure
                               800...1200 hPa:
                                                    max. ± 5ppm or ±10% of reading
                                                                                           (at 1000 hPa)
     Humidity
                              10%...95% R.H.:
                                                    max. \pm 5ppm or \pm10% of reading (at 50% R.H.)
     Temperature
                                   -20...+50°C:
                                                    max. ±10ppm or ±20% of reading (at 20°C)
                                                    CO=CO<sub>2</sub>=H<sub>2</sub>= C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>O=Cl<sub>2</sub>=HCN=N<sub>2</sub>: 0% H<sub>2</sub>S: 0% (in minutes range)
     Cross-sensitivities:
     Anticipated life:
                                                     2..3 years
MK402-7
                Electrochemical sensor for hydrogen H<sub>2</sub>
     Response time
                                                     t90: <90 sec
                               800...1200 hPa:
     Pressure
                                                     max. \pm 0.01\% by vol. or \pm 10\% of reading
     Humidity
                              10%...90% R.H.:
                                                    max. \pm 0.01\% by vol. or \pm 10\% of reading
                                                                                                   (at 50% R.H.)
                                  -20...+50°C:
     Temperature
                                                    max. ±0.02% by vol. or ±20% of reading
                                                                                                   (at 20°C)
     Cross-sensitivities:
                                                    CO: <15% , Cl₂: ≈800% (*1)
     Anticipated life:
                                                     2..3 years
MK403-7 Electrochemical sensor for hydrogen H<sub>2</sub>
     Response time
                               800...1200 hPa:
     Pressure
                                                    max. \pm 0.01\% by vol. or \pm 10\% of reading
                                                                                                   (at 50% R.H.)
     Humidity
                              10%...90% R.H.:
                                                    max. \pm 0.01\% by vol. or \pm 10\% of reading
                                   -20...+50°C:
                                                    max. \pm 0.02\% by vol. or \pm 25\% of reading
     Temperature
                                                                                                   (at 20°C)
     Cross-sensitivities:
                                                    CO: <15% (*1)
     Anticipated life:
                                                       .3 years
MK404-7 Electrochemical sensor for silane SiH<sub>4</sub>
      Response time
                               800...1200 hPa:
     Pressure
                                                    max. \pm 0.1ppm or \pm 10\% of reading (at 1000 hPa)
                              20%...95% R.H.:
     Humidity
                                                    max. ±0.2ppm or ±10% of reading
                                                                                            (at 50% R.H.)
                                  -20...+40°C:
     Temperature
                                                    max. ±0.2ppm or ±10% of reading (at 20°C)
     Cross-sensitivities:
                                                    PH<sub>3</sub>: 130%, GeH<sub>4</sub>: 100%, AsH<sub>3</sub>: 70%, B<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>: 55%, Cl<sub>2</sub>: -8%, CO: 4%, CO<sub>2</sub>=H<sub>2</sub>=HF=0% (*1)
     Anticipated life
                                                     2 years
MK409-7 Electrochemical sensor for hydrogen cyanide HCN
     Response time
                                                    too: <60 sec
                               800...1200 hPa:
     Pressure
                                                    max. \pm 0.5 ppm or \pm 10\% of reading (at 1000 hPa)
     Humidity
                              10%...95% R.H.:
                                                    max. \pm 0.5 ppm or \pm 10\% of reading (at 50% R.H.)
                                   -20...+50°C:
     Temperature
                                                    max. \pm 0.5 ppm or \,\pm 15\% of reading \, (at 20^{\circ}C)
                                                    NO_2\text{: -}120\% \text{ , } Cl_2\text{: } \approx \text{-}20\% \text{ , } CO\text{: }0\% \text{ , } CO_2\text{: }0\% \text{ , } H_2\text{: }0\% \text{ , } HF\text{: }0\% \text{ , } NO\text{: }0\% \text{ , } PH_3\text{: }0\% \text{ (*1)}
     Cross-sensitivities:
     Anticipated life:
MK411-7 Electrochemical sensor for ozone O<sub>3</sub>
     Response time
                                                    ton: <60 sec
                               800...1200 hPa:
     Pressure
                                                    max. ±0.03 ppm or ±10% of reading
                                                                                               (at 1000 hPa)
                              10% 95% R H ·
     Humidity
                                                    max. \pm 0.03 ppm or \,\pm 10\% of reading
                                                                                               (at 50% R.H.)
                                                    max. ±0.03 ppm or ±15% of reading
     Temperature
                                  -10...+45°C:
                                                                                               (at 20°C)
     Cross-sensitivities:
                                                    Cl<sub>2</sub>: 70..210\%, ClO_2: 60..180\%, NO_2: 60..80\%, F_2: \approx 70\%, PH_3: 10\%, H_2: \approx 0\%, HCN: -0.3\% (*1)
     Anticipated life:
MK412-7 Electrochemical sensor for hydrogen fluoride HF
     Response time
                                                     t<sub>50</sub>: <40 sec t<sub>90</sub>: <90 sec
     Pressure
                               800...1200 hPa:
                                                     max. ±0.2ppm or ±10% of reading (at 1000 hPa)
     Humidity
                              10%...80% R.H.:
                                                    max. \pm 0.2ppm or \pm 10\% of reading (at 50% R.H.)
     Temperature
                                  -20...+40°C:
                                                    max. ±0.2ppm or ±10% of reading (at 20°C)
     Cross-sensitivities:
                                                    \text{Cl}_2{\approx}40\% , \text{NO}_2{>}1\% , \text{CO}{=}\text{CO}_2{=}\text{H}_2\text{S}{=}\text{H}_2{=}0\%
     Anticipated life:
                                                     1..2 years
MK429-7 Electrochemical sensor for hydrogen sulphide H<sub>2</sub>S
     Response time
                                                     t<sub>90</sub>: <40 sec
                               800...1200 hPa:
                                                    max. ±3ppm or ±10% of reading (at 1000 hPa)
                              15%...90% R.H.:
     Humidity
                                                    max. ±3ppm or ±10% of reading (at 50% R.H.)
     Temperature
                              -20...+40(50)°C:
                                                    max. \pm 3ppm or \pm 10(15)\% of reading (at 20°C)
     Cross-sensitivities:
                                                    SO<sub>2</sub>: ≈20%, NO<sub>2</sub>: ≈-20%, NO: <2%, CO: <1%, H<sub>2</sub> <0.1%, reduced methanol cross-sensitivity (*1)
     Anticipated life:
                                                     2..3 years
```

For (\*1): Gas indication for the fed concentration in the range of MAC values

### **Internal Parameter Memory of the EC28**

Each transmitter is programmed with the data for the main gases and their additional parameters. This means that the user does not need to change the configuration in most cases. The following data is stored in the internal memory of the transmitter:

| Gas type          | Formula                         | Unit      | CGAS            | A1      | A2      | H1       | H2       | F1             | F2          |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|-----------|-----------------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------------|-------------|
|                   |                                 |           | Calibration gas | Alarm 1 | Alarm 2 | Hyst. A1 | Hyst. A2 | A1<br>function | A2 function |
| Carbon monoxide   | CO                              | ppm       | 200             | 30      | 60      | 0        | 0        | HNS            | H SC        |
| Hydrogen sulphide | $H_2S$                          | ppm       | 50              | 10      | 20      | 0        | 0        | HNS            | H SC        |
| Chlorine          | Cl <sub>2</sub>                 | ppm       | 5.0             | 0.5     | 1.0     | 0.0      | 0.0      | HNS            | H SC        |
| Hydrogen cyanide  | HCN                             | ppm       | 50              | 10      | 20      | 0        | 0        | HNS            | H SC        |
| Hydrogen chloride | HC1                             | ppm       | 10              | 5       | 10      | 0        | 0        | HNS            | H SC        |
| Nitrogen monoxide | NO                              | ppm       | 50              | 25      | 50      | 0        | 0        | HNS            | H SC        |
| Nitrogen dioxide  | $NO_2$                          | ppm       | 20              | 5       | 10      | 0        | 0        | HNS            | H SC        |
| Sulphur dioxide   | $SO_2$                          | ppm       | 10              | 2       | 4       | 0        | 0        | HNS            | H SC        |
| Ammonia           | NH <sub>3</sub>                 | ppm       | 100             | 50      | 100     | 0        | 0        | HNS            | H SC        |
| Ethylene oxide    | C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> O | ppm       | 10              | 2       | 4       | 0        | 0        | HNS            | H SC        |
| Ozone             | $O_3$                           | ppm       | 1.00            | 0.30    | 0.50    | 0.05     | 0.05     | HNS            | H SC        |
| Oxygen            | $O_2$                           | % by vol. | 20.9            | 19.0    | 17.0    | 0        | 0        | LNS            | L SC        |
| Chlorine dioxide  | ClO <sub>2</sub>                | ppm       | 1.00            | 0.10    | 0.30    | 0.03     | 0.03     | HNS            | H SC        |
| Hydrogen fluoride | HF                              | ppm       | 6.6             | 3.0     | 5.0     | 0.0      | 0.0      | HNS            | H SC        |
| Phosgene          | COCl <sub>2</sub>               | ppm       | 1.0             | 0.1     | 0.2     | 0.0      | 0.0      | HNS            | H SC        |
| Silane            | SiH <sub>4</sub>                | ppm       | 5               | 5       | 10      | 0        | 0        | HNS            | H SC        |
| Hydrogen          | $H_2$                           | % by vol. | 1.0             | 0.2     | 0.4     | 0        | 0        | HNS            | H SC        |
| Hydrogen          | $H_2$                           | ppm       | 1000            | 1000    | 1500    | 0        | 0        | HNS            | H SC        |

Defined settings will be used if the transmitter is operated with a sensor for which data has not been entered in this list.

The user can individually modify these settings for this gas and then store them in the transmitter.

### Technical Data – Part 1

**Transmitter types** EC28, EC28 D, EC28 DA, EC28 DAR, EC28 B, EC28 DB and

EC28 DAB

**Measuring function** 

Measured gas: Toxic gases and vapours and oxygen

Measuring range: See inspection record

Gas feed: Diffusion

Response/Warm-up time: See sensor specification

Measuring principle: Electrochemical

Anticipated sensor life: See sensor specification

Output signal: 4...20mA (max. load 200 Ohm) or

two-wire Modbus (EC28 B... only)

Alarm: Visual and audible 90dB @ 10cm (EC28 DA...only)

Relay output: 1 changeover, potential-free (EC28 ...R only)

Vmax=30V AC/DC, maximum short-circuit current of supply source 1A

**Power supply** 

Supply voltage: 18...30V DC

Maximum fault voltage: 250V AC or 45V DC (see type plate) Maximum supply current: 40 mA for EC28 & EC28 B

> 55 mA for EC28 D & EC28 DB 70 mA for EC28 DA & EC28 DAB

100 mA for EC28 DAR

**Climatic parameters** 

Storage temperature: -25...+60°C (short-term) / 0...+30°C (recommended)

Operating temperature (ambient): -20...+50°C (see also sensor specification)

Humidity range: 5...90% R.H. (see also sensor specification) Atmospheric pressure range: 800...1100hPa (see also sensor specification)

Enclosure

Sensor mount: Stainless steel Enclosure material: Antistatic plastic.

The enclosure must be protected against severe impact (> 4 J)!

Dimensions: 115mm x 203mm x 55mm (W x H x D) Weight: approx. 800 grams (with display)

Type of protection: IP 64

Cable connector: Cable gland(s) M16 x 1.5 max. core cross-section 3(4) x 1.5mm<sup>2</sup> Cable type and length: LIYCY 3(4) x 0.75 mm<sup>2</sup>, 500m max. (200m max. for EC28 DA...) or

LIYCY 3(4) x 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>, 1000m max.

Approvals and tests

Marking: **⑤** II 2G **C€** 0158

Type of ignition protection: Ex emb [ib] IIC T4 -20°C \( \) Ta \( \) +50°C

EC Type-Examination Certificate: BVS 04 ATEX E 132 X

Electromagnetic Compliant with DIN EN 50270 Disturbance emission: type 1 Compatibility (EMC): Interference immunity: type 2

### **Technical Data - Part 2**

Compatibility (EMC):

**Transmitter types** EC28i and EC28Di Measuring function Measured gas: Toxic gases and vapours and oxygen Measuring range: See inspection record Gas feed: Diffusion Response time: See sensor specification Measuring principle: Electrochemical Anticipated sensor life: See sensor specification Output signal: 4...20mA for Ex zone: max. load 100 Ohm with Zener barrier, see Accessories section not Ex zone: max. load 200 Ohm without Zener barrier **Power supply** Supply voltage: 15...30V DC for inherently safe supply  $V_i \le 30V$ 21...27V DC for supply via Zener barrier, see Accessories section Maximum supply current: 25 mA Climatic parameters Storage temperature: -25...+60°C (short-term) or 0...+30°C (recommended) Operating temperature (ambient): -20...+50°C (see also sensor specification) Humidity range: 5...90% R.H. (see also sensor specification) Atmospheric pressure range: 800...1100hPa (see also sensor specification) **Enclosure** Sensor mount: Stainless steel Enclosure material: Antistatic plastic. The enclosure must be protected against severe impact (> 4 J)! Dimensions: 115mm x 203mm x 55mm (W x H x D) Weight: approx. 800 grams (with display) Type of protection: IP 64 Cable connector: Cable gland(s) M16 x 1.5 max. core cross-section 3(4) x 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> Cable type and length: LIYCY 2 x 0.75 mm<sup>2</sup>, 500m max. or LIYCY 2 x 1.5mm<sup>2</sup>, 1000m max. Approvals and Tests Marking: S II 1G CE 0158 Type of ignition protection: Ex ia IIC T4 -20°C \( \) Ta \( \) +50°C EC Type-Examination Certificate: BVS 04 ATEX E 132 X

Electromagnetic Compliant with DIN EN 50270 Disturbance emission: type 1

Interference immunity: type 2

### **EC Type-Examination Certificate**





### Translation

### 2nd Supplement

(Supplement in accordance with Directive 94/9/EC Annex III number 6)

### to the EC-Type Examination Certificate BVS 04 ATEX E 132 X

Transmitter type EC 28 \*\*\* Equipment: Gesellschaft für Gerätebau mbH Manufacturer: 44143 Dortmund, Germany

Description

The transmitter type CC 28 \*may also be manufactured according to the test documents provided with the appropriate test report; then it shall be marked type EC28 \*\*\* (details stated in the following table).

| Type     | Marking                  | Connection type / Functionality                               |
|----------|--------------------------|---|
| EC28     | II 2G EEx em [ib] HC T4  | 4-20 mA, 1-Wire Bus   |
| EC28 D   | II 2G EEx em [ib] HC T4  | 4-20 mA, 1-Wire Bus, Display                                  |
| EC28 DA  | II 2G EEx em [ib] IIC T4 | 4-20 mA, 1-Wire Bus, Display,<br>Alarm LED and buzzer         |
| EC28 B   | II 2G EEx em [lb] IIC T4 | RS485, 2-Wire Bus   |
| EC28 DB  | II 2G EEx em [ib] HC T4  | RS485, 2-Wire Bus, Display                                    |
| EC28 DAB | II 2G EEx em [ib] IIC T4 | RS485, 2-Wire Bus, Display,<br>Alarm LED and buzzer           |
| EC28 R   | II 2G EEx em [ib] ПС Т4  | 4-20 mA, 1-Wire Bus, Relays                                   |
| EC28 DR  | II 2G EEx em [ib] IIC T4 | 4-20 mA, 1-Wire Bus, Relays,<br>Display                       |
| EC28 DAR | II 2G EEx em [ib] IIC T4 | 4-20 mA, 1-Wire Bus, Relays,<br>Display, Alarm LED and buzzer |
| EC28 i   | II 1G EEx ia IIC T4      | 4-20 mA (intrinsically safe)                                  |
| EC28 Di  | II 1G KEx in HC T4       | 4-20 mA (intrinsically safe),<br>Display                      |

The transmitter series type E/22 \*\*\* Nervy the papers of derivative took gives and oxygen in stationary mode in the processing the entry of the paper of the entry of the entr

Page 1 of 4 to BVS 61 ATEX 6 133 X / N2
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### **SEXAM**

- 20 °C up to + 50 °C

1.4 Intrinsically safe potential-free opto-coupling interface, connected by four-pole plugs

| Maximum input voltage                                       | U <sub>i</sub> | DC | 6               | V        |
|---|----------------|----|-----------------|----------|
| Maximum input power   | I <sub>i</sub> |    | 45              | mA       |
| Maximum output current                                      | P <sub>i</sub> |    | 68              | mW       |
| Maximum internal capacitance<br>Maximum internal inductance | $C_i$ $L_i$    |    | 110<br>negligib | nF<br>de |

- 2 Transmitter type EC28 i and type EC28 Di
- 2.1 Intrinsically safe supply and signalling circuit, connected via terminals X1 and X2  $\,$

|     | Maximum input voltage                         | Ui                            | DC | 30         | v                |
|-----|---|-------------------------------|----|------------|------------------|
|     | Maximum internal capacitance                  | C <sub>i</sub>                |    | negligible |                  |
|     | Maximum internal inductance                   | Li                            |    | negligit   | le               |
| 2.2 | Intrinsically safe potential-free opto-coupli | ng interface, connected by fi |    |            |                  |
|     | Maximum input voltage                         | U,                            | DC | 6          | V                |
|     | Maximum input power                           | L                             |    | 45         | mA               |
|     | Maximum output current                        | P <sub>i</sub>                |    | 68         | $_{\mathrm{mW}}$ |
|     | Maximum internal capacitance                  | C <sub>i</sub>                |    | 110        | nF               |
|     | Maximum internal inductance                   | $L_i$                         |    | neglig     | ible             |
|     |   |                               |    |            |                  |

3 Ambient temperature range for all types

### Special conditions for safe\_use

The enclosure of the transmitters of all types, i.e. type EC28, EC28 D, EC28 DA, EC28 DB, EC2

The measuring function for explosion protection is not subject of this supplement,

Test and assessment report BVS PP 04.2119 EG as of 18.09.2006

EXAM BBG Prüf- und Zertifizier GmbH

Signed: Dr. Eickhoff Certification body

Page 3 of 4 to BVS 64 ATEX B 132 N/N2
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Dissociabilistness 9 46800 blockum: Generatory Droce 40 2540/560-110 5 and 2340/560-110 5 and 2340/560-110

### **SEXAM**

The max, fault voltage  $U_n$  at the not intrinsically safe terminals of types EC28, EC28 D, EC28 DA, EC28 D, EC28 DB, E

For the intrinsically safe transmitters of types EC28 i and type EC28 Di, the same enclosure is used. Their intrinsically safe supply/signalling circuit (4-20 mA) is likewise connected via terminals.

The Essential Health and Safety Requirements of the modified equipment are assured by compliance with:

| EN 50014;1997 + A1 - A2 | General requirements | EN 60079-7;2003 | Increased safety 'e' | Intrinsic safety 'I | EN 50028;1987 | Encapsulation 'm' | Equipment Group II Category IG

(Ex) Il 2G EEx em [ib] IIC T4 Type classification see page I

only for transmitter type EC28 i and type EC28 Di

Ex II 1G EEx ia IIC T4

Transmitter type EC28, EC28 D, EC28 DA, EC28 B, EC28 DB, EC28 DAB, EC28 R, EC28 DR and EC28 DAR

Non-iuninically safe supply circuit
 Connected via terminals X1 and X2 at type EC28, EC28 D, EC28 DA, EC28 R, EC28 DA, EC28 DAR
 Connected via terminals X1, X2, X5 and X6 at type EC28 B, EC28 DB, EC28 DAB

Rated supply voltage up to Maximum voltage  $U_m$  is stated on the label.

1.2 Non-intrinsically safe signalling circuit Connected via terminals X4 and X2 at type EC28, EC28 D, EC28 DA, EC28 R, EC28 DR, EC28 DAR Connected via terminals X3, X4, X7 and X8 at type EC28 B, EC28 DB, EC28 DAB

Rated signalling voltage up to DC 30 V Maximum voltage  $U_n$  DC 45 or AC 250 V The maximum voltage  $U_n$  is stated on the label.

1.3 Non-intrinsically safe relay contact circuit (change-over contact) Connected via terminals X6 up to X8 only at type EC28 R, EC28 DR, EC28 DR

Rated switching voltage up to DC 30 V Maximum switching voltage Um stated on the label. Um DC 45 or AC 259 V The maximum voltage Um is stated on the label. Maximum short circuit current of power source 1 A

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We confirm the correctness of the translation from the German original. In the case of arbitration only the German wording shall be valid and binding.

EXAM BBG Prüf- und Zertifizier GmbH

Mans Li Wolf Special services unit

Page 4 of 4 to BVS 64 ATEX E 132 X / N2

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# GfG Gesellschaft für Gerätebau mbH EC- Declaration of Conformity

EC28 i, EC28 Di

Amended

Edited: 18.09.2006

Tel: +49 (231) 56400-0 Fax: +49 (231) 516313 E-Mail: info@gfg-mbh.com <u>www.gfg.biz</u> Klönnestrasse 99 D-44143 Dortmund



GfG Gesellschaft für Gerätebau mbH develops, produces and sells gas sensors and gas warning devices, which are subject to a quality management system as per DIN EN ISO 9001: 2000 - Certificate- Register No. 0410030302-.

Subject to supervision by means of a quality system -Certificate No. BVS 03 ATEX ZQS / E 187-issued by the notified body, EXAM BBG Prûf- und Zertifizier GmbH, is the production of electrical apparatus of instrumentation Group I and II, categories Mtl, MkJ, IG and Gd for gas sensors, gas detectors, gas warming systems in ignition protection classes explosion- proof encasing, increased safety, encapsulation and intrinsical safety, as well as their measuring function.

The transmitter EC28 i, EC28 Di complies with directive 94/9/EC for devices and protective systems for proper use in explosion endangered areas (ATEX- directive) and with council directive 89/336/EEC for electromagnetic compatibility.

BVS 04 ATEX E 132 X (2) || 1G EEx ia ||C T4 For electrical explosion protection

The guidelines have been complied with under consideration of the standards mentioned below:

## Electrical explosion protection

ly explosive atmospheres. EN 50014: 1997 + A1 – A2 EN 50020: 2002 EN 50284: 1999 Electrical apparatus for potentially General requirements

- Intrinsic safety "i" - Group II category 1 G

### Electromagnetic compatibility

EN 50270 1999 (2000-01) Amendment (2000-10) type class 1 - Electrical apparatus for the detection and measurement of combustible gases, toxic gases and oxygen. Radio shielding

type class 1 and 2

Interference resistance

The evaluation of the basic safety and health requirements has been done, documented and filed by a notified body with register no. 0158 (EXAM BBG Pruft- und Zentifizier GmbH, Unmerdahlstraße 9 0-44808 Bochum.). The EMC testing laboratory EM TEST GmbH, Kamen has been charged with testing and evaluation of the electromagnetic compatibility.

Always adhere to the safety notes of the operation manual 207-000.34

Dorth Ind, 09.10.2006

MBA H.J. Hübner President CEO

# EC- Declaration of Conformity GfG Gesellschaft für Gerätebau mbH

Klönnestrasse 99 D-44143 Dortmund

EC28 R, EC28 DR, EC28 DAR EC28 B, EC28 DB, EC28 DAB EC28, EC28 D, EC28 DA,

Tel: +49 (231) 56400-0 Fax: +49 (231) 516313 E-Mail: info@gfg-mbh.com www.qfg.biz



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Amended:

Edited: 18.09.2006

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For electrical explosion protection

The guidelines have been complied with under consideration of the standards mentioned below:

## Electrical explosion protection

EN 50014: 1997 + A1 – A2 EN 60079-7: 2003 EN 50020 2002 EN 50028 1987 - Electrical apparatus for potentially explosive atmospheres. General requirements

- Increased safety "e"

Intrinsic safety "i"

Encapsulation "m"

## Electromagnetic compatibility

- Electrical apparatus for the detection and measurement of combustible gases, toxic gases and oxygen. EN 50270 1999 (2000-01) Amendment (2000-10) type class 1 type class 1 and 2 Radio shielding

Interference resistance

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Always adhere to the safety notes of the operation manual 207-000.34

hd, 09.10.2006 MBA H.J. Hübner President CEO Dortm



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